Biostatistics Final Exam 023

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Q1. 42 of 75 children have recovered from flu after two weeks from

taking antibiotics .. if we have a sample of 225 children, find 95% Cl

of prevalence of recovery

a. (0.6723, 0.4477)

b. (0.4477 , 0.6723)

c. (0. 7700, 0.3229)

d. (0.8996, 0.6455)

Answer: b

Q2.Which of these following won't change after replacing 25 by 30 given

the sample (10,12, 16,17,25,25)?

a. Mean b. Variance

- c. Median
- d. Mode
- a. Moae

Answer: c

Q3. Which statement is false?

a. We use ANOVA for two or more groups.

 b. Sample correlation coefficient is normally distributed with mean p(rho) and variance p².

c. Variance is a measure of spread.

d. Error increases as sample size decreases.

Answer: b

Q4. 3 groups of smokers

n=150

SS between = 60.4

SS total = 540.6

What is the test stat (F distribution)?

a. 7.6

b. 6.77

- c. 5.44
- **d.** 4.33

Answer: a

Q5. Type II error is defined as ...?

a. Rejecting true null hypothesis

b. Accepting false null hypothesis

c. Power of the test

d. Beta x alpha

Answer: b

Q6. 15 asthmatic volunteers are divided to three groups, (A, B and C) A and B each has four volunteers and C has 7, to compare between each group mean, what is the critical value? a=0.05

a. 1.46

b. 1.65

c. 2.81

d. 1.96

Answer: c

Q7. H0:p=0 H1: p >0

if the test statistic is 1.98 what is the p value?

a. Pr(t(n-2)>1.98)

- b. 2Pr (t(n-2)>1.98)
- c. 1-Pr(t(n-2) >1.98)
- d. 2-Pr(t(n-2) >1.98)

Answer: a

Q8. to test R*C contingency table with a critical value of a we use :

- a. Chi square (R-1) (C-1), (1-a)
- b. Chi square (R x C) (1-a)
- c. F test (N- K)
- d. F test (R-1) (C-1)

Answer: a

Q9. If normally distributed and the mean equals 180 and population variance equals 41 find p (x< 175)?

a. 0.5485

b. 0.022

c. 0.434

d. 0.451

answer: d

Q10. 4 groups of years of experience, (0-3 4-6 6-9 >10) classified into excellent, good, acceptable. What is the critical value?

a. 0.5

- **b. 0.05**
- c. 0.1
- d. 0.01

Answer: c