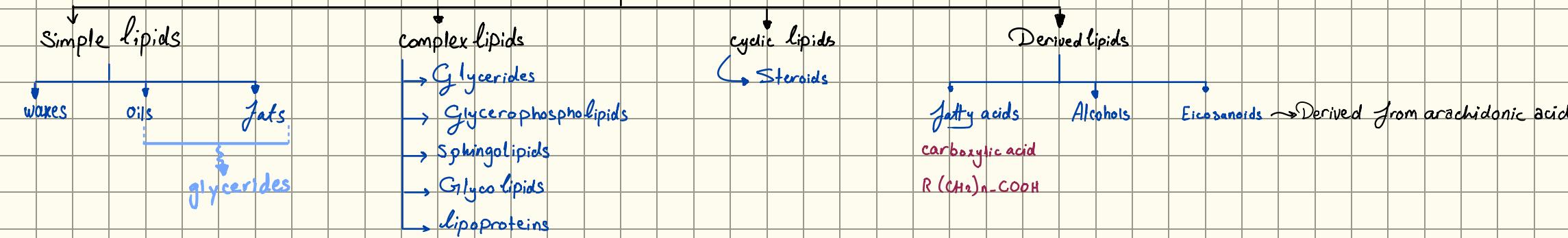
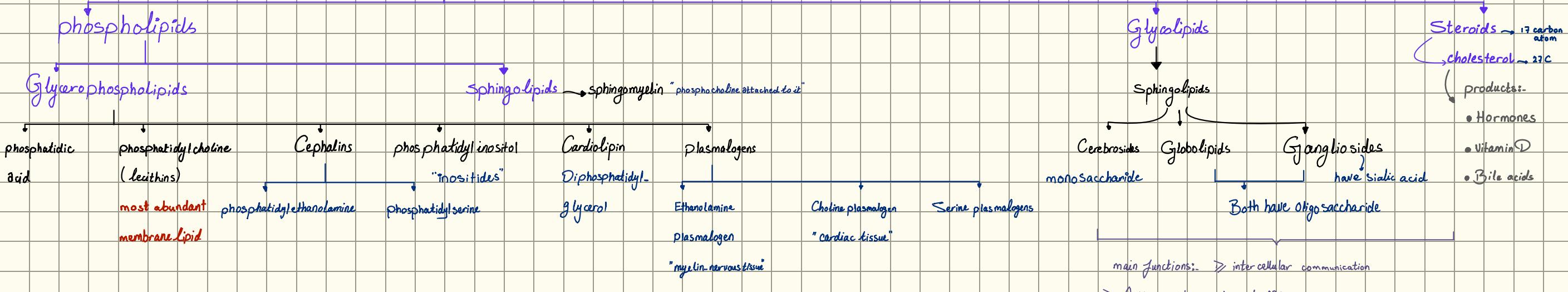


Lipids

وأصناف الدهون
أصناف الدهون



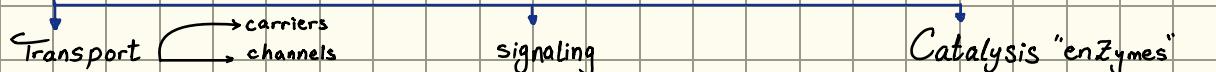
Membrane phospholipids



Membrane proteins



* Functions of membrane proteins



• Important notes:-

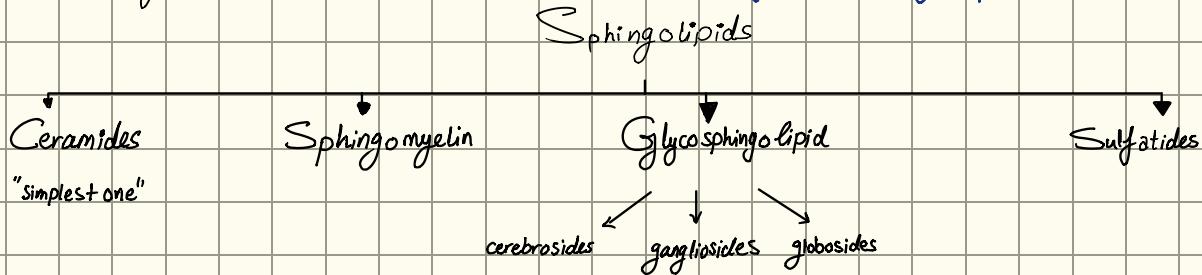
* Lecithin $\xrightarrow{\text{Lecithinase enzyme}}$ lysolecithin

* emulsifying agents :- phospholipids & Bile salts $\xrightarrow{\text{intestinal absorption of fat}}$

* plasma lipoproteins \rightarrow have a protective role against ROS

* liposomes vs micelle
 delivery function
 One layer of phospholipids
 2 layers of phospholipids

* Sulfatides: Galactocerebrosides "Abundant in brain myelin" \Rightarrow Glycolipid



* Fatty acids & membrane fluidity:-
 - Saturated fatty acids \rightarrow rigid
 - Mixture of saturated & unsaturated fatty acids \rightarrow more fluidic

* Cholesterol & membrane fluidity:

- 1 \rightarrow in cis unsaturated fatty acids prevent hydrophobic chains from packing together, allowing membrane proteins & lipids to move laterally, which makes it a dynamic environment
- 2 \rightarrow Stabilizing very fluid membranes, by interactions between fatty acids of phospholipids with cholesterol ring structure, through hydrophobic interactions.

* lipoproteins are transporter of different types of lipids in blood plasma



* Isoprene :- The precursor of steroids

\Rightarrow Cholesterol esters:-

- a fatty acid is esterified to the hydroxyl group of cholesterol
- A way of storing fatty acids inside cells
- Not amphipathic anymore? more hydrophilic than free cholesterol

- Atherosclerosis:- accumulation of LDL in blood vessels

- The flexibility of the wall of blood vessels is reduced

* The model of the cell membrane is [The fluid mosaic model]
 45% lipids, 45% proteins & 10% Carbs

x phospholipids in cell membrane:-

