Air Pollution

- Definition: Contamination of air by harmful substances (gases, dust, fumes) harmful to humans, animals, and plants.
- · Health Impacts:
 - Outdoor air pollution: Causes 4.2 million premature deaths yearly.
 - · Household air pollution: Causes 3.2 million deaths yearly, mostly in low-income countries.
 - · Diseases include stroke, ischemic heart disease, COPD, and lung cancer.
- · Common Air Pollutants:
 - · Carbon oxides (CO, CO2): Greenhouse gases; toxic at low concentrations.
 - · Nitrogen oxides (NOx): Cause smog, acid rain, and respiratory issues.
 - · Sulfur compounds (SO2, H2S): Contribute to acid rain and irritate respiratory systems.
 - Particulate Matter (PM10, PM2.5): Penetrates lungs, causing cardiovascular and respiratory diseases.
- Smog: Forms from sunlight reacting with nitrogen oxides and VOCs; includes ozone (O3) and PAN.
- · Solutions: Sustainable transport, renewable energy, emission controls, awareness.

Water Pollution

- Definition: Introduction of harmful materials (natural or man-made) into water, affecting its quality.
- · Sources:
 - Point Source: Specific locations like factories or pipes.
 - · Non-Point Source: Diffuse areas like agriculture or urban runoff.
- · Pollutants
 - · Fertilizers (nitrogen, phosphorus), pesticides, sediment, pathogens.
 - · Eutrophication: Nutrient enrichment leading to algae growth and oxygen depletion.
- Groundwater Pollution: Hard to clean; common pollutants include fertilizers, pesticides, and industrial chemicals.
- Solutions: Preventive measures like pollution control, reducing runoff, and community awareness.

Environmental Health

- Definition: Study of environmental factors affecting human health (e.g., air, water, sanitation).
- · Key Facts:
 - · Environmental factors cause 25% of deaths worldwide.
 - · Healthier environments can prevent nearly one-quarter of diseases.
- · Basic Requirements: Clean air, safe water, adequate food, and stable ecosystems.
- · Global Initiatives:
 - · World Environment Day (WED): Raises awareness about environmental issues. Themes:
 - 2024: "Our Land, Our Future" (Focus on land restoration, drought resilience).
 - · 2023: "Beat Plastic Pollution."

Occupational Health

- Definition: Promotion of workers' well-being by preventing health hazards at work.
- · Key Statistics:
 - · 2+ million die yearly from work-related diseases.
 - · 70% lack insurance for work-related injuries.
- · Hazards
 - · Physical: Noise, radiation, heat/cold stress.
 - · Chemical: Pesticides, heavy metals.
 - · Biological: Viruses (e.g., COVID-19, tuberculosis).
 - · Psychosocial: Stress, burnout, workplace violence.
 - · Musculoskeletal Disorders: Common in heavy industries.
- · Solutions: Ergonomic designs, workplace regulations, and personal protective equipment (PPE).