

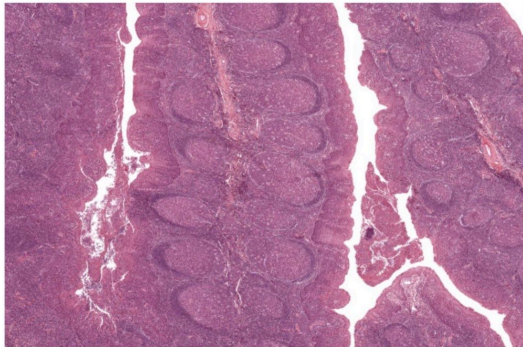
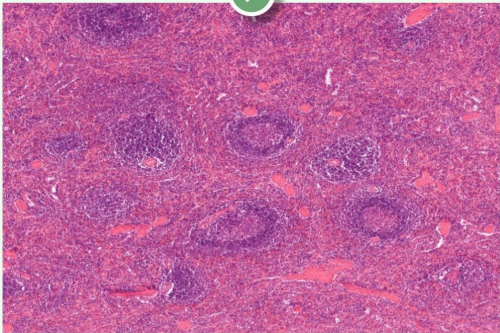
This lymphatic follicle is a primary follicle.

☐ True

☒ False



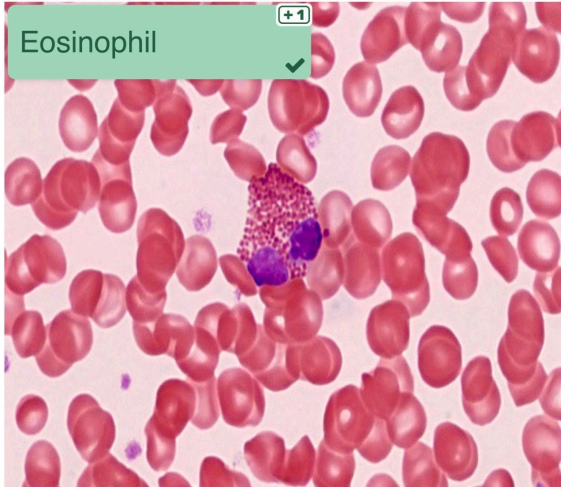
Which of the following sections is taken from spleen?



Match the cell with its correct section

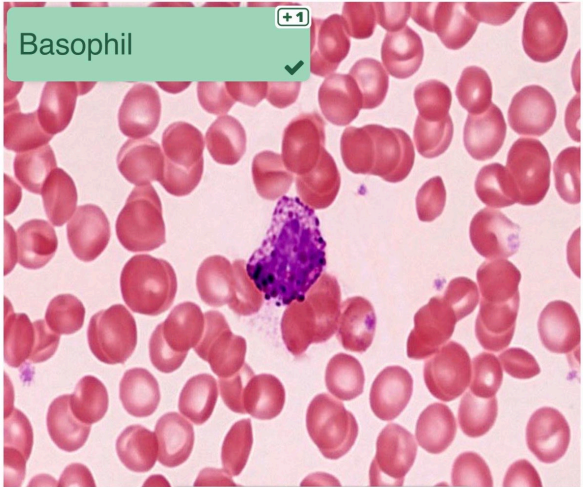
Eosinophil

+1

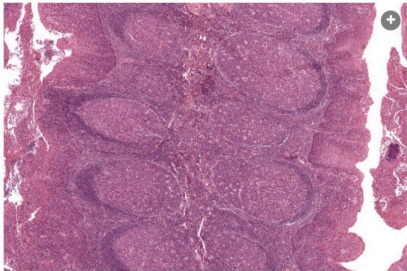


Basophil

+1



Neutrophil



All follicles in this section are activated.

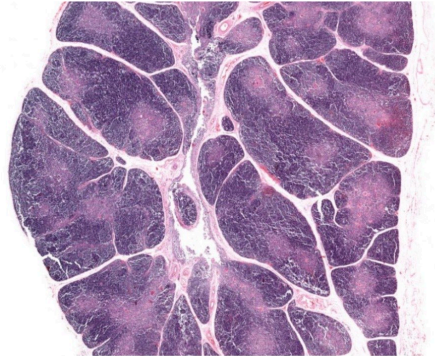
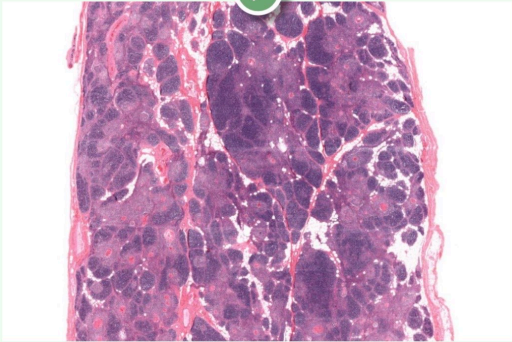
☒ True

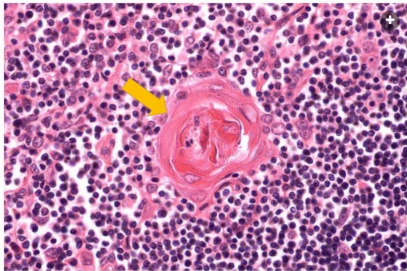


☐ False



Both sections are taken from thymus. Which one is taken from adult thymus?





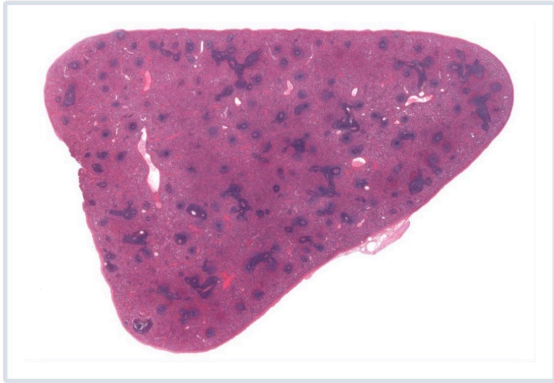
The labeled structure can be found in thymic cortex and medulla.

☐ True

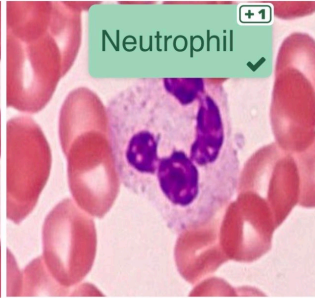
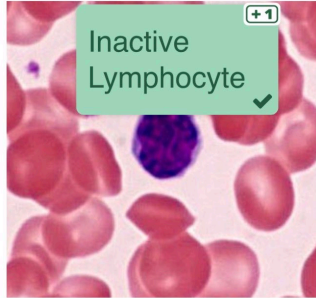
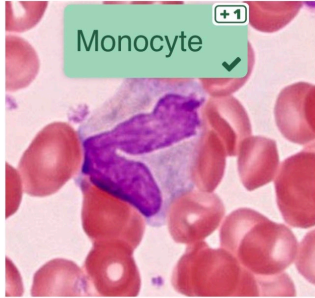
☒ False



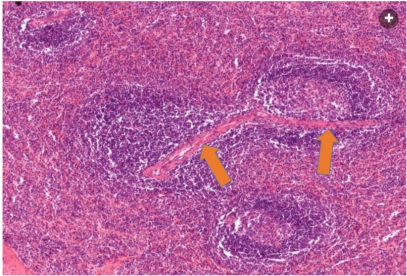
Which histological section is taken from a lymph node?



Match the cell with its correct section



Active  
Lymphocyte



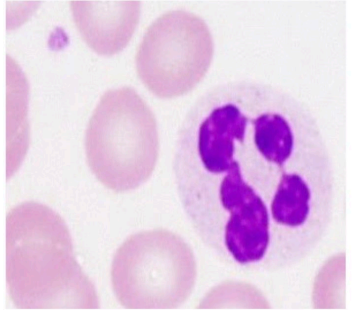
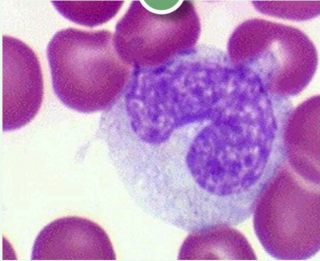
The arrow points at the central arteriole as it is passing through the white pulp of spleen.

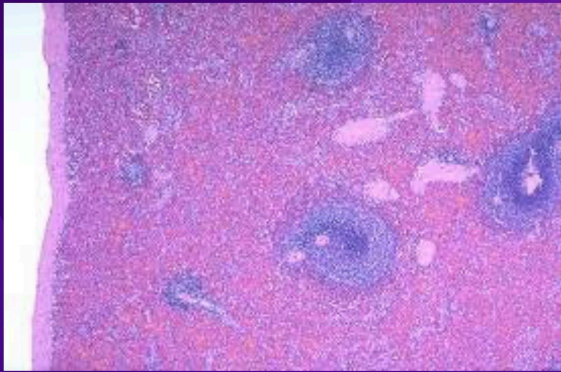
☒ True



☐ False

Which of the followings is (are) considered as agranulocyte(s)?





This section is probably taken from:



Spleen



Lymph node

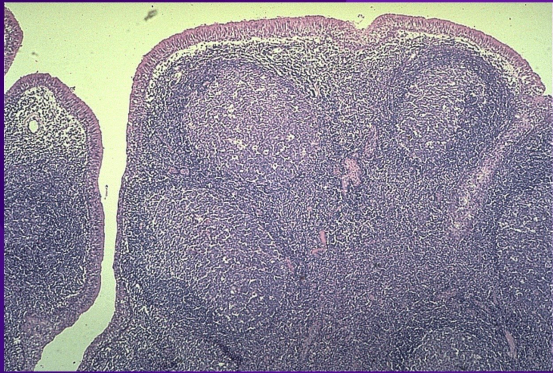


Tonsil



Thymus





This section is probably taken from:



Tonsil



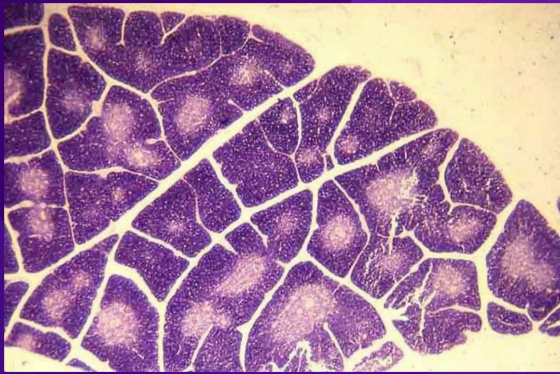
Spleen



Lymph node



Thymus



This section is probably taken from:



Thymus



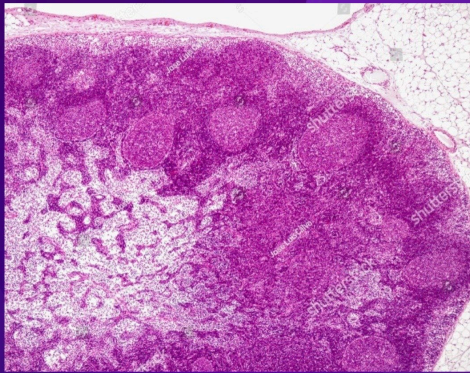
Tonsil



Spleen



Lymph node



This section is probably taken from:



Lymph node



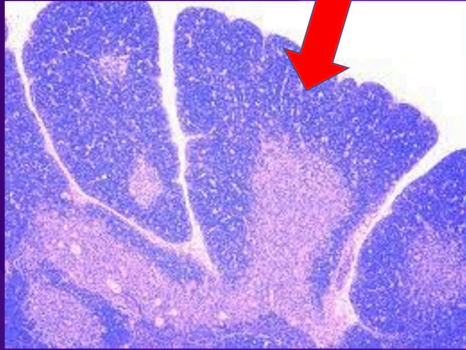
Thymus



Spleen



Tonsil



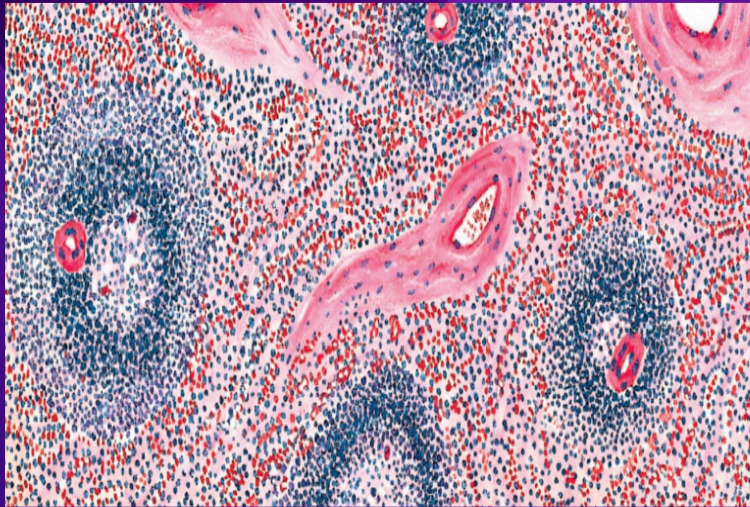
The cells forming the labeled area are mainly:

☐ Reticular connective tissue cells

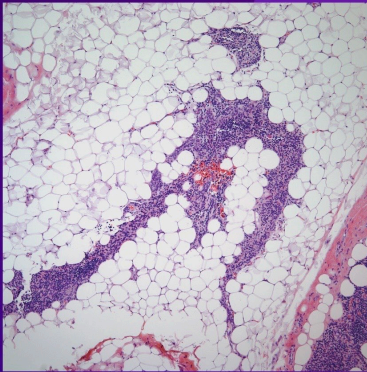
☐ B cells

☒ T cells

☐ Plasma cells



These lymphatic follicles are taken from which lymphatic organ?



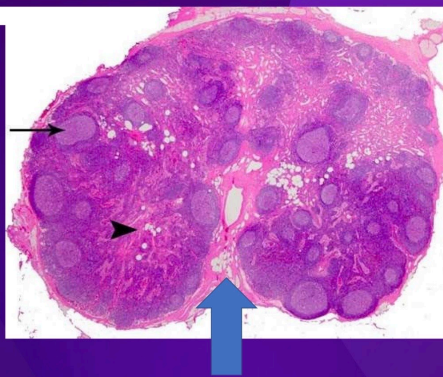
This is a histological section of thymus probably taken from a young patient



True



False



The blue labeled area represents the hilum of a lymph node

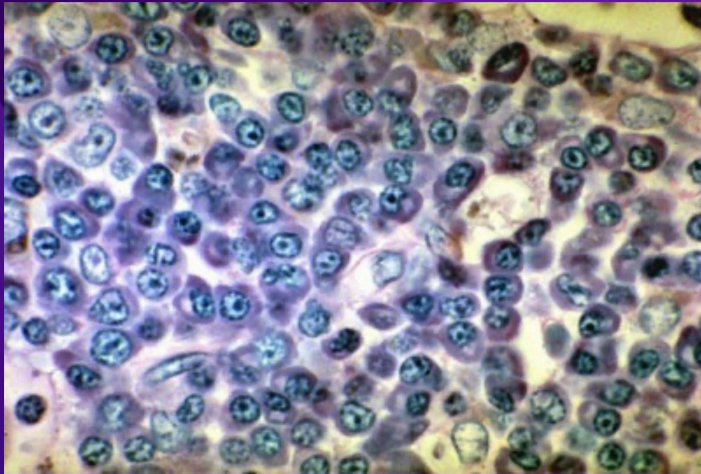


True



False





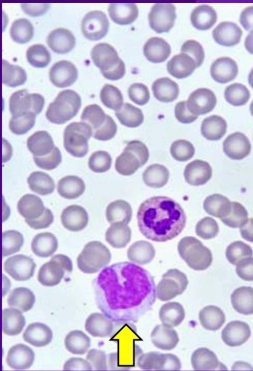
Name the cell type (in this case, in the lymph node).

11

plasma cell

3

plasma



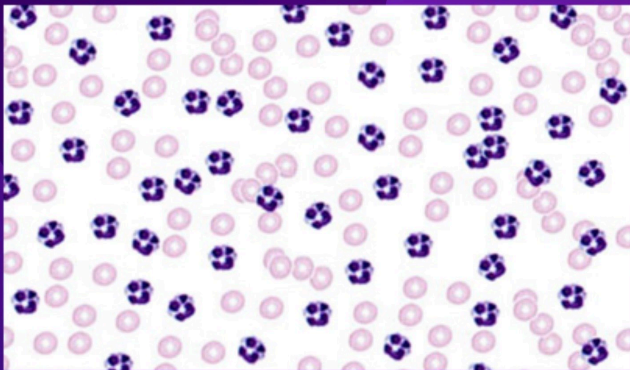
Identify the labeled cell:

☐ Neutrophil

☐ Neutrophilic band cell

☐ Basophil

☒ Monocyte



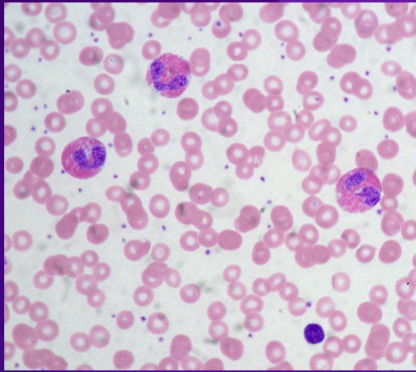
This blood film is probably taken from a patient with:

☐ Viral infection

☒ Acute bacterial infection

☐ Hypersensitivity reaction

☐ Parasitic infection



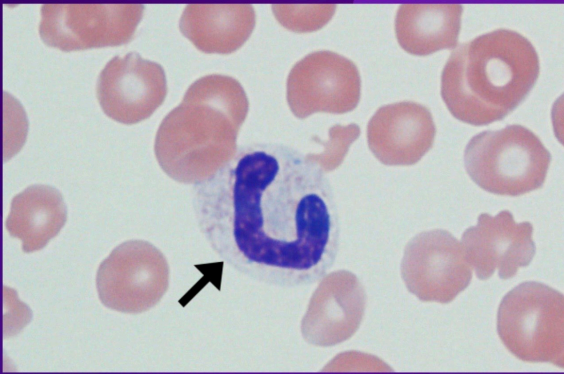
This blood film is probably taken from a patient with:

☐ Pyogenic infection

☐ Acute bacterial infection

☒ Parasitic infection

☐ Chronic viral infection



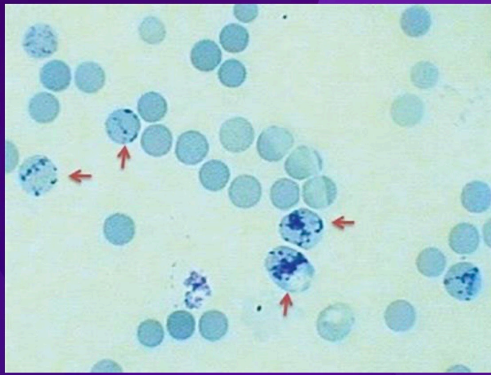
High number of the labeled cell in peripheral blood is probably a sign of

☐ anemia

☐ leukemia

☒ severe acute infection

☐ hypersensitivity reaction



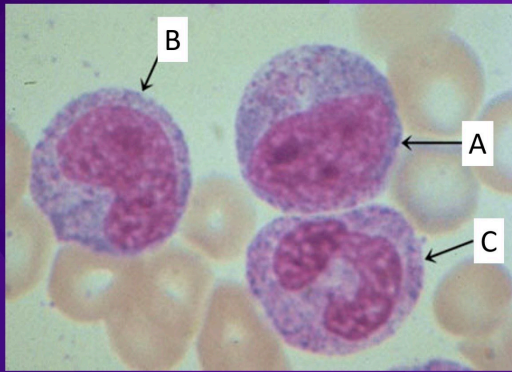
The increase of labeled cells in the circulation is called bandemia



True



False



Identify A, B and C



A: Myeloblast, B: Metamyelocyte, C: Band cell



A: Basophilic erythroblast, B: Normoblast, C: Proerythroblast

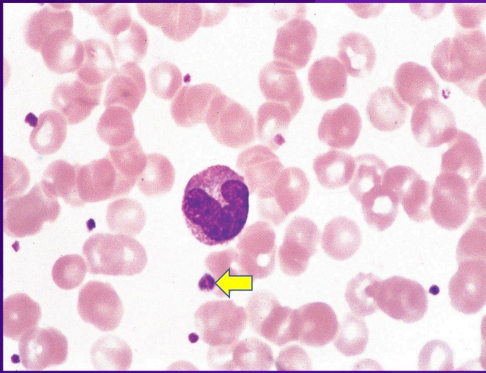


A: Myelocyte, B: Metamyelocyte, C: Band cell



A: Promyelocyte, B: Myelocyte, C: Band cell





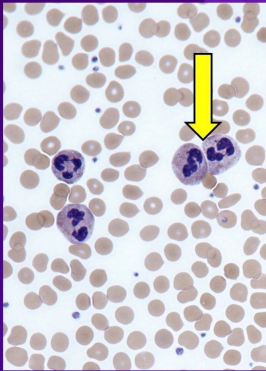
The normal range of the labeled cell fragment in 1 ul of peripheral blood is:

4-5 million

4000-11000

50,000-100,000

200,000-400,000



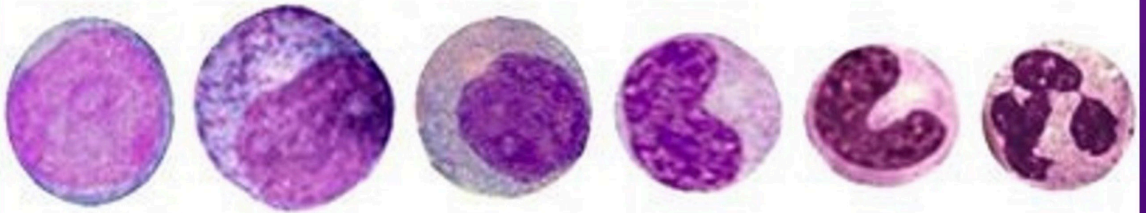
The average life span of the labeled cells in circulation is:

✖ 4 months

✖ Few years

✖ Few days

✔ Few hours



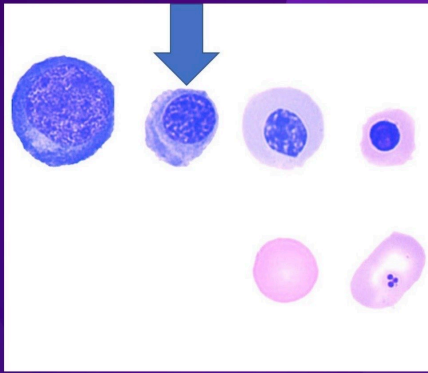
The labeled cell in this lineage is Promyelocyte



True



False



The labeled cell in this lineage is Polychromatophilic Erythroblast



True



False



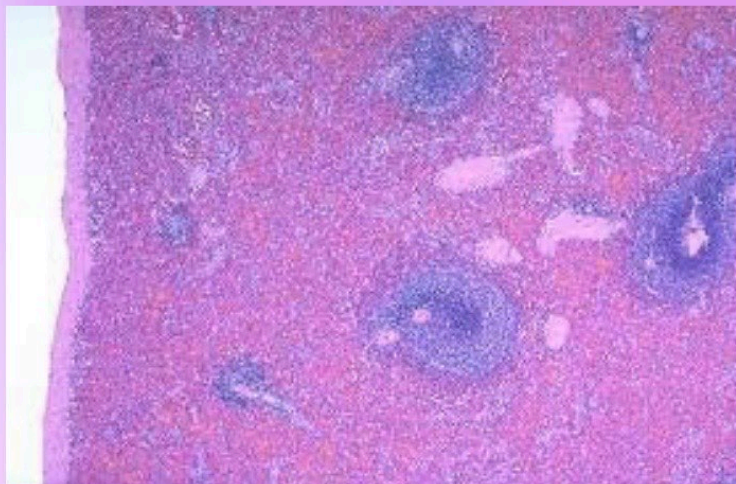
The labeled area represents the hilum of a lymph node



True



False



Why are the darker staining regions called "white pulp"?



because of the  
color of fresh  
tissue



because of  
H&E stained  
tissuse